

Medium Term Plan - Year I (SPRING) Poles Apart



Data and Information: Grouping Data

South Pole - locate and research

Intent We are teaching this topic to expose children to other parts of the world naming continents and countries as well as comparing climates and weather changes. Children will research how animals and people have adapted over time to the ever changing conditions including global warming. They will discover famous historical expeditions and how these have changed over time. We will build knowledge of the role of zoologists and their purpose.				Implementation Children are going to learn about the poles and the changing conditions through real life experiences, research, videos and hopefully a real life snow day. The children will get to enrich their learning through renacting stories, performances, own research and videos. The children will be immersed in the learning which will include geography, history, art, DT and English.				Impact We will measure how children understand climate change and extreme weather conditions. The children will be able to compare where they live to the two poles. Through investigations children will understand how people (including innuits) survive these extreme conditions. They will be able to use equipment and understand their purpose (such as thermometers, igloos and clothing). They will further their knowledge of how geographers use maps to name and identify the continents. They will develop their ability to use research tools such as books and the internet.				Celebration The children's learning will be shared through Tapestry messages home. The children will show their learning through their POW homework projects		
Term	Spring I- North Pole					Spring 2- South Pole								
Subject/Week		2	3	4	5	6		а		3	4		5	6
English	Fact	files	Re	Recount No		Non chronological report	Book Fortnight				iction texts			
Spelling	Spellings are found in Monster Phonics programme. Individual spelling tests of 1st 100 HFW/Year 1 Common Exception Words.													
Phonics	Ue, ew	K before i, e, y	Ie igh Or, ore, aw	Au, air; prefix un	ear (lon e-r), ec (air)		Wh. e (CEW), o (CEW),	Ff, ss, ll, revision revision revisi	n, nk n, tch	Ve revision, ai revision, oi revision, ay revision,	Oy revision, a_e revision, e_e revision, i_e revision,		rev rev	evision, u_e sion, u_e ision, ar evision
Handwriting	Ill, it, lit, tilt	We, wet, wilt, lute	Cow, owe, ice, coil	Lad, add, toad, data	Ham, mend, hand, them	Yell, eye, jaw, jay	Huge, going, quay, queen	Bap, k apple, l		Vans, stars, rest, ever	Fox, zoo, oxen, fuzzy			Recap
Maths	One more an one less	d one an	nd subtract rd two digit ers to and thin 20	; Recog order	nise and numbers to 100.	2D shapes recognise and name	Add and s with missing			mpare, describe, www.asure and record heights	Compare, measure ar tim	rd record		time to the I half past
Science	Animals Including Humans													

Online Safety

Who are the Innuit people?

Geography

Day

Programming Moving a Robot

North Pole - locate and research.

Online Safety

Geography

Day

Computing

History

Geography

Art	Chalking: N	lorthern Lights	Printing; animal prints						
DT					Food: Sea	side Snacks			
PE I	Gyn	mastics		Football					
PE 2	Yoga	0	AA	Уода	ש	Maypole			
RE	Chri Was it always easy for	_ stianity Jesus to show frie	endship?	Christianity: Why was Jesus welcomed like a king or celebrity by the crowds on Palm Sunday?					
Music	In th	e Groove		Round and Round					
PSHE	Dreams and Goals	Firs	t Aid	Healthy Me	First Aid	Radio	Radicalisation & Extremism		
Class Enrichment			•	Now Press Play		•			
Whole School enrichment days	Chinese New Year	NSPCC	Children's Mental Health Awareness Week	Book Fortnight World Book Day	Online So	yfety Week	Science Week		
Class Assembly		-		N/A	-				